



Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan Physician Group Incentive Program Collaborative Care Model (CoCM) Designation Program Criteria

2022

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Interpretive guidelines and description of capabilities for Collaborative Care (CoCM) Designation Program

Goal: Build Collaborative Care Model (CoCM) provider care teams, which adds both a behavioral health care manager (BHCM) and a consulting psychiatrist to a primary care practice. CoCM requires patient awareness of, and active engagement with, the CoCM model and to clearly define CoCM-specific medical and behavioral health team responsibilities. Integrating this model into practices will increase patient access to behavioral health specialist expertise, reduce stigma associated with specialist visits and allow better behavioral health care in a familiar setting with known providers.

Designation: The Collaborative Care Designation Program recognizes a CoCM practice's commitment to creating an empowered care team, that can deliver the evidence-based care to best meet a patient's behavioral health needs in a patient-centered medical home environment.

The CoCM Designation Program builds on the essential foundation of Blue Cross' longstanding PCMH program to create a culture of sustained attention to the "whole person" philosophy—a critical goal for organizations to thrive.

Blue Cross' first-to-market CoCM Designation Program will be value-based and population-based. It rewards collaboration between practitioners in areas where inter-specialty communication traditionally has not been a part of usual care; this communication dramatically helps improve both access to critical services and ultimately, clinical outcomes.

In 2022, only two capabilities will be needed for a practice to be eligible for CoCM designation.

Capability 1.1 - The practice must have assembled their care team and understand the interactions within the provider triad.

Then one of these two capabilities:

- Capability 1.2 A practice member from each of the three roles attends the PGIP-sponsored training.
- Capability 1.3 A practice is deemed to be delivering CoCM with fidelity to the model. Fidelity means that the CoCM delivery to the original model as described by <u>University of Washington's</u> <u>AIMS Center</u>.

In 2023, all of the capabilities in this document will need to be in place to be eligible for Year 2 CoCM designation. We are sharing this document with physician organizations now for their ongoing CoCM planning.

All capabilities and guidelines are applicable to primary care practices for eligible current patients regardless of insurance coverage. The definition for "current" patients is the same as for the Patient-Centered Medical Home program.

1.0 Training and Model Building

Primary care, behavioral health care managers, and psychiatrist roles are clearly defined to ensure that care is delivered with fidelity to the original model as described by the University of Washington AIMS Center and is more recently described by Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

CoCM is a unique model that adds the following to the primary care team:

- Care management support for patients receiving behavioral health treatment.
- A treat-to-target approach to population health.
- Regular psychiatric inter-specialty consultation.
- A team of three individuals to deliver CoCM: the behavioral health care manager (BHCM), the consulting psychiatrist and the primary care provider.
- A tool, accessible to all members of the care team, used to document patient scores, outcomes, recommendations and treatment changes. We refer to this as a systematic case review tool (SCR-tool).

1.1

Practice's care team consists of the provider triad described by the CoCM model.

Guidelines

Roles and responsibilities for each member include:

- a. **Primary care provider** A state-licensed physician or advanced practice provider who is qualified to prescribe medications.
 - Directs the behavioral health care manager
 - Oversees treatment plans and overall patient care
 - Determines whether or not to implement recommendations of the consulting psychiatrist
 - Prescribes all medications
 - Refers patients to CoCM
 - Claims for CoCM services must be billed under the PCP's NPI
- b. **Behavioral health care manager** A state-licensed, designated individual with formal education or specialized training in behavioral health.
 - Works under the oversight and direction of the primary care provider
 - Conducts screening assessments at regular intervals
 - Coordinates care with the PCP
 - Provides patient education about CoCM and behavioral health disorders, medications, and other treatment options

- Supports psychotropic medication management as prescribed by medical providers, focusing on length of time to reach therapeutic range, side effects, adverse reactions, and the potential effects of discontinuance or dosage adjustment.
- Provides brief interventions, motivational interviewing, problem solving treatment and behavioral activation to facilitate patient engagement and self-management
- Monitors and tracks treatment response
- Conducts systematic case reviews (SCRs) with the consulting psychiatrist
- Communicates recommendations and patient discussions with the PCP and consulting psychiatrist through the SCR-tool (can be in EHR, in a stand-alone tracking system, or in a registry)
- Facilitates treatment plan changes
- Completes relapse prevention self-management planning
- Tracks patient management activities for the care team to support appropriate billing. Reminder, time when two care team members are involved in the same activity cannot be duplicated.
- Bills for services using the PCP's NPI
- c. **Consulting psychiatrist** A state-licensed medical professional trained in psychiatry and qualified to prescribe the full range of medications.
 - Consulting psychiatrist does not meet with patients or prescribe medications.
 - Participates in the SCR at least weekly
 - Advises the PCP and behavioral health care manager about diagnosis and treatment recommendations
 - Provides options for resolving issues, including patient adherence, efficacy or side effects
 - Recommends adjustments to the treatment plan for newly enrolled patients and patients not progressing.

Required for CoCM De	signation: YES	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit			
• Practice identifies each of the three care team members and describe how they interact.			

Resources and Samples:

- PGIP/Training Partner Organizing an Excellent Care Team
- AIMS Center CoCM BHCM: Sample Job Description, Typical Workload & Resource Requirements
- <u>AIMS Center Clinical Workflow Plan</u>

A member from each of the three roles supporting the practice attends the PGIP-sponsored training; unless they meet Capability of 1.3 – being deemed to be delivering CoCM with fidelity to the CoCM model.

<u>Guidelines</u>

- a. PGIP-sponsored training requires: A care team member from each role has attended PGIPsponsored training delivered by our training partners. Base training requires:
 - 16 hours for BHCMs
 - 4 hours for PCPs
 - 4 hours for consulting psychiatrists

Required for CoCM Designation: YES, unless Capability 1.3 is met	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
• Show evidence of PGIP-sponsored training, such as a practice list from the PO, or a		
CME certificate from the training.		

1.3

A practice is deemed to be delivering CoCM with fidelity to the CoCM model unless they meet Capability 1.2 capability – attending PGIP-sponsored training.

<u>Guidelines</u>

These are the steps to receiving fidelity status. Once the Fidelity Attestation is delivered, the practice is eligible for designation.

- 1. PO and practice complete the Fidelity Assessment Worksheet.
- 2. Training partner will have a site visit with the PO and practice to assess fidelity using the Fidelity Assessment document.
- 3. The training partner will discuss results with Blue Cross.
- 4. Training partner will deliver a Fidelity Attestation to the PO, practice and to Blue Cross.

The practice may have trained through the PGIP-sponsored training, AIMS Center Training or other training.

Fidelity assessment will include review of the following:

- Care team members
- Clinical protocols
- Tools and technology

If the practice is found to be delivering CoCM with fidelity to the CoCM model, the training partner will complete a Fidelity Attestation signed by the PO and training partner.

Required for CoCM Designation: YES, unless Capability 1.2 is met	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
Show executed Fidelity Attestation.		

1.4

The practice has a BHCM with dedicated/protected time to carry out CoCM activities.

- a. The BHCM is secured through employment or contract, either by the practice or through their physician organization. This person supports and coordinates the mental and physical health care of patients on an assigned patient caseload with the patient's medical provider and, the consulting psychiatrist.
- b. The BHCM may be involved in other care management activities, such as provider-delivered care management, however, there must be separate and distinct time set aside for CoCM activities.
 BHCMs who are assigned numerous other duties in a fast-paced clinic setting often fall behind on effectively managing their CoCM caseload.
- c. The BHCM may be involved with other behavioral health activities in the office, such as an MSW providing counseling sessions, however there must be separate and distinct time set aside for CoCM activities.
- d. If the BHCM is to work within the office setting, the practice has dedicated and private space for patient outreach and for SCR.
- e. The BHCM enters patient information and outcome measure scores into the SCR-tool and maintains the SCR-tool to use for the SCR sessions with the consulting psychiatrist.

- f. The SCR-tool should contain:
 - Notes from patient intake and ongoing discussions.
 - Progression of a patient's results from the PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A)
 - Notes from brief interventions, such as motivational interviewing, to facilitate patient engagement and symptom self-management.
 - Notes about current treatment discussion including medication effectiveness, side effects, etc.
 - Notes about the consulting psychiatrist's recommendations from an SCR.
 - Details about how/when the PCP accesses those recommendations
 - Notes from the PCP about the specific recommendation, regardless of whether it is accepted, denied, or modified.
 - Notes that show communication with the patient about PCP-approved recommendations.

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
Show provider schedule documenting dedicated time to SCR		
 Show provider schedule documenting dedicated time to SCR If BHCM has other responsibilities (e.g., PDCM or BH counseling), show policy and procedure for keeping these programs separate and distinct. If BHCM services are office-based, show the dedicated and private space (describe if remote). 		

Practice has regularly scheduled time with a consulting psychiatrist to participate in SCRs.

- a. The consulting psychiatrist is secured through employment or contract either by the practice or through their physician organization.
- b. The consulting psychiatrist is responsible for a caseload of patients and primarily interacts with the BHCM and sometimes with the primary care provider.
- c. SCRs may be conducted by telephone, video, or in person.
- d. SCRs are scheduled at least weekly.

- e. The consulting psychiatrist should enter discussions into the SCR-tool, through EHR or other means.
- f. If the consulting psychiatrist does not have access to the EHR, the BHCM can document the SCRtool. Practice must have a process for the consulting psychiatrist to review the accuracy of the recommendation documentation.

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
 Provide documentation of the provider' information, along with regularly sched Show notes or other documentation of recommendations, including treatment Show how the SCR is used to manage p multiple patients. Provide SCR schedule Show an example of a recommendation tool. If the consulting psychiatrist does not here. 	's availability, schedule, and contact uled time. a discussion of consulting psychiatrist , cadence of patient/PCP follow up. opulation health by using SCR time to discuss na consulting psychiatrist wrote in the SCR- ave access to the EHR, show the written	
process and an example of a consulting recommendation documented by a BH0		

The practice's PCPs is able to select appropriate candidates for CoCM, make referrals to the BHCM, read and respond to consulting psychiatrist's recommendations timely, and support the BHCM.

<u>Guidelines</u>

- a. Identifies and engages the patient
 - Introduces Collaborative Care to a patient
 - May acquire informed patient consent (the BHCM may do this depending on practice workflow)
 - Initiates a warm connection to a BHCM when possible

- b. Determines the diagnosis
 - Formulates using validated screeners, exams, and history
 - Works with care team to diagnose and treat complex behavioral health conditions
 - Observes over time
 - Adjusts diagnosis as appropriate
- c. Treats
 - Works with care team and patient to develop a treatment plan
 - Works with care team to implement treatment and make treatment adjustments
 - Prescribes medications as needed
 - Addresses safety concerns
 - Monitors physical health and potential medication interactions
 - Reads psychiatric consultant's recommendations and implements recommendations with patient consent and understanding
- d. Claims for the care team's activities are submitted using the PCP's NPI

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
 Show examples of medical records w patient, diagnoses the patient, and to 	here the PCP has identified and engaged the reats the patient	
• Practice has a written process to show how the PCP is alerted to activity taken and documented by the BHCM.		
• Show examples of a PCP's response to BHCM notes and consulting psychiatrist's recommendations.		
 Show where consent is tracked in the accessible 	e patient's medical record and how it is	

2.0 Process Implementation

2.1

The practice has policies or procedures to show an established process to screen patients for depression using Patient Health Questionnaire–9 (PHQ-9, or PHQ-A)

- a. CoCM care team members are able to screen and interpret the results in order to identify patients that need further assessment.
- b. Practices screen all patients annually for depression.
- c. PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) results should be recorded and included in the patients' record and enrolled in the SCR-tool upon enrollment
- d. For patients who score less than 10, usually no further activity is needed at this time.
- e. Patients who score positive on the PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) should be further evaluated to determine whether they meet provisional criteria for depression or mood disorder.
- f. The PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) is administered to all patients enrolled in the CoCM program monthly to measure progress toward remission.
- g. The practice has a mechanism, detailed in a written policy or procedure, in place to track PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) results for CoCM patients over time.

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
• Show written policy or procedure for screening frequency, interpreting, and tracking results.		
 Show SCR-tool examples of PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) scores for tracked over time for CoCM patients. 		

Practice unit team obtains consent, as defined by Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, from 100% of CoCM patients prior to delivering CoCM services.

CMS-defined consent:

"Advance Consent

Prior to beginning BHI services, the beneficiary must give the billing practitioner permission to consult with relevant specialists, which would include conferring with a psychiatric consultant. The billing practitioner must inform the beneficiary that cost sharing applies for both face-to-face and non-face-to-face services even if supplemental insurers cover cost sharing. Beneficiary consent may be verbal (written consent is not required) but must be documented in the medical record."

See MLN909432 March 2021 for details.

Guidelines:

- a. Practice has a written procedure and systematic process to obtain consent from patients prior to delivering CoCM services.
- b. Discussion of consent elements, either written or verbally, can be held between the BHCM and the patient or the PCP and the patient and includes:
 - Explaining to the patient that their symptoms could be helped by including the CoCM team in their treatment.
 - Briefly introducing CoCM. This includes describing additional care team members (BHCM and consulting psychiatric consultant) and their roles within the program.
 - It can be helpful to have a brochure or handout with this information available to give to patients. Customizable templates are available on the PGIP Collaboration site.
 - Informing the patient there may be associated cost, depending on their insurance, and suggest they contact their insurance carrier or the practice's billing department for more information.
- c. Obtains written or verbal consent from the patient to participate in the CoCM program.
- d. Documents written or verbal consent in the patient's electronic health record and ensure it's available to all care team members.

Resources and samples:

- American Psychiatric Association toolkits
- AIMS Center Guidance on Patient Consent and COCM
- <u>MLN Booklet Behavioral Health Integration</u>
- <u>Frequently Asked Questions about Billing Medicare See questions 16 and 17</u>

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a		
Validation notes	Validation notes for CoCM site visit		
 Show the procedure document that d obtaining consent. Provide any examples of patient educ 	ocuments the systematic process for ation materials if materials are part of the		
 of the behavioral health care I have informed the patient to cost-sharing expenses for boom 	program with the patient, including the roles e manager and psychiatric consultant. that they will be responsible for potential oth in-person and non-face-to-face services. Inticipate in the CoCM and for consultations		
• Show where consent is tracked in the accessible to all care team members.	patient's medical record and how it is		
• The documentation used for the Patie PCMH capability 1.1 does not meet th	ent-Provider Partnership agreement for ne intent		

The practice has policies or procedures to show an established patient selection process and referral pathway.

- a. CoCM care team members are able to assess appropriate treatment pathway for patient who either score over nine on the PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) or who talk with the PCP about depression or mood disorder during the course of an office visit.
- b. There is an established process for the PCP to refer the patient to the BHCM for further assessment and evaluation for the CoCM program.
- c. There is a documented referral pathway to other providers or to other types of treatment.
- d. Practice has a written policy and procedure about patient selection including what makes a patient a good candidate for CoCM and about treatment options for patients not entering CoCM.

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a
Validation notes	for CoCM site visit
	ntifying patients who may be appropriate for ferral pathway to CoCM providers or other

Practice has an established suicide protocol.

- a. The practice has established suicide protocol if a patient screens positive on the PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) questionnaire, or if a patient indicates at any given time that they are suicidal or having suicidal ideations.
- b. The practice has established response and management protocol in place if patients are suicidal.
- c. Process has a response outlined for instances where the patient presents with suicidality in person as well as over the phone or virtually.
- d. Practice care team receives training at time of hire and annually. At a minimum the PCP, BHCM and consulting psychiatrist must receive this training, but may be extended to other practice unit members.

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a
Validation notes for CoCM site visit	
• Documented written protocol that outlines the process initiated when a patient presents with suicidality in person, virtually, or by phone.	
• Protocols are more detailed and specific than just indicating that a practice or staff person will "Call 911."	
 Documentation of training staff on suicide protocol within the last 12 months 	

Practice has a written policy and/or procedure that outlines expectations for length of patient engagement in CoCM, reasons for ending participation, established transition plans, and individualized relapse prevention plans.

Guidelines:

Patients enrolled in CoCM programs typically see improvement and stay on a caseload for six to nine months. However, CoCM participation may end for number of reasons including:

- Patient has realized maximum improvement or remission.
- Patient isn't improving despite appropriate treatment revisions or has a change in status necessitating transition to another level of care.
- The patient choses to move to specialist care, or otherwise chooses to discontinue CoCM.
- Patient has left the practice
- Patient is no longer actively participates in CoCM (not returning phone calls, etc.)

Defining Improvement:

Using the validated outcome measures:

- PHQ-9 (or PHQ-A) Depression screening Improvement:
 - 5-point reduction in score = Improvement
 - 50% reduction in score = Response
 - Score less than 5 = Remission
- The GAD-7 (Generalized Anxiety Disorder) Anxiety screening (recommended, but not required).
- a. The BHCM, together with the patient and other providers on the care team, develop a selfmanagement plan that leads to patient improvement as defined above.
- b. Self-management plan is documented in the patient's medical record or is otherwise available to all members of the treatment team.
- c. Ensure that the patient had an active role in developing their self-management plan.
- d. BHCM has frequent contacts, often weekly in the beginning of a CoCM episode, but contact may be less frequent later in the episode. During the CoCM episode, the BHCM performs the following:
 - Conducts full assessments, including use of validated screening and symptom monitoring tools
 - Monitors patient with validated symptom outcomes measures (PHQ-9 or PHQ-A)
 - Works with patient to create and adjust self-management plan
 - Monitor's medication and any side effects
 - If PCP approves the consulting psychiatrist's recommendation, lets the patient know about any change, and determines patient interest in adopting the PCP-approved recommendations.

- Provides brief therapeutic interventions such as motivational interviewing, problem solving treatment, and behavioral activation.
- e. The BHCM documents all activity in the SCR-tool.
- f. When the patient reaches target improvement the BHCM should, in consultation with the PCP and consulting psychiatrist, prepare a transition plan.
- g. Create relapse prevention plan with patient.
- h. If the patient isn't improving despite appropriate treatment revisions, or has a need to transition to another level of care, the BHCM should consult with the other care team members to develop a transition plan to see that patient to the next level of care. This may include making referrals, following up on referrals or suggesting appropriate community resources.
- i. If the patient chooses to move to specialist care or otherwise discontinues CoCM, the BHCM's follow up should include outreach in an effort to create a transition and/or relapse prevention plan.
- j. The written transition/relapse plan should be developed with input from patient whenever possible.
- k. A written copy of the transition/relapse plan is be provided to the patient.
- I. BHCMs ensure that patients have a clear understanding of the transition plan including:
 - Current medication list

- Recognizing individualized relapse warning signs
- Self-management techniques, such as exercise, meditation, and mindfulness to address symptoms before they fully manifest
- Who and when to call if they begin to experience a relapse

Required for CoCM Designation: Not in 2022	Predicate Logic: n/a	
Validation notes	for CoCM site visit	
 Show the written policy and procedure to document the points to be discussed at each BHCM/patient interaction. 		
 Show examples of self-management plans that show how these points are addressed. 		
• Show where the self-treatment plan is located and how it is available to all care team members.		
• Show where ongoing screening results a	and symptom monitoring are captured	
• Show documentation of the patient agreement with treatment plan and short term goals. This can include notes such as, "Patient stated that their end goal is X. Patient has agreed to exercise for three hours this week."		
• Show the written policy and procedure to document transition/relapse plans with the elements above listed.		
• Show that BHCM is documenting brief p	sychotherapeutic interventions.	